

### CHICAGO WINS

THE WINDY CITY SECURES THE PRIZE — CHICAGO, COLORADO AND MISSOURI MAKE PLANS — DR. ROBERT REYBURN MAKES A PLAN FOR SUFFRAGE.

The Republican National Convention of 1908 will be held in Chicago, beginning June 16. This decision was reached at the final session of the Republican National Committee at the Shoreham Hotel today. The final vote showed Chicago 31, Kansas City 18, Denver 4.

The committee named the following District of Columbia supervisors charged with the duty of preparing for and conducting the election of the two delegates from the District: Sidney Bieber, chairman; Perry Cranford, and George F. Collins.

The call for the election of delegates to the National Convention, which will be issued Monday, will contain a provision permitting the Republican State Committees of those States which have mandatory primary election laws to prescribe whether delegates shall be elected at the primaries or by State convention. The committee also decided to put territorial delegates on a numerical parity with the District of Columbia—that is, two delegates and two alternates.

The call of States was finished at 11:45 o'clock, and the committee went into executive session, the hall being cleared of outsiders preparatory to taking the ballot. There was some sparring over the method of voting, but this was soon ended and the ballot proceeded quickly, the result being known a few minutes after noon. Chicago had made very good, and Kansas City and Denver recognized the triumph of the Lake City by affirming the choice by acclamation. Little time was lost in fixing a date, and everybody seemed well satisfied with Chicago, June 16, as the place and time of meeting. The committee then took up the report of sub-committees.

The official announcement of the vote on the location of the convention showed that the first statement was slightly erroneous, and that Kansas City had really received 18 votes and Chicago 31. The vote by States and Territories was as follows:

For Chicago—California, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Mississippi, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, Wisconsin, Alaska, District of Columbia.

For Kansas City—Alabama, Arkansas, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Arizona, South Dakota, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Indian Territory, Hawaii, Porto Rico, Philippines Islands.

For Denver—Colorado, Ohio, West Virginia, Wyoming.

William F. Stone, sergeant at arms, announced the appointment of Dave C. Owen of Milwaukee, Wis., as chief assistant sergeant at arms, and of Lee G. Hechinger, of East Orange, N. J., as chief confidential clerk. Both Mr. Owen and Mr. Hechinger were associated with Mr. Stone during the convention of 1904.

Then John W. Yerkes, of Kentucky, chairman of the committee on call of the convention, made his report. A long and lively debate followed. The committee in wording the call had endeavored to make the requirements in the matter of selecting delegates to the National Convention so general as to interfere as little as possible with methods that may be provided for making such selections by primary elections.

This feature of the report was briskly objected to by many of the committee-men on the ground that it placed the selection of delegates within the powers of Legislatures, which could prescribe rules for primary elections. They claimed that the selection of delegates to a convention is, first and last, purely a party matter that should not in any particular be controlled by a State Legislature, which might, very possibly, be of an opposing political complexion. Particular objection was offered to the plan by Southern committeemen.

But the modification was indorsed, however, and in those States where primary laws prevail the State committee will have the say as to whether delegates shall be selected at such primaries or by the regular procedure.

The District Election. Considerable local interest was displayed in the selection of District supervisors and the designation of Sidney Bieber as chairman met with general favor.

Registration of Voters. Dr. Robert Reyburn presented his re-

port on a plan of procedure in the District of Columbia providing for a registration of voters thirty days before the election, which was approved.

Dr. Reyburn also asked that the committee recommend suffrage in the District of Columbia, and he made a long speech in support of that proposition.

Chairman New ruled that he was out of order, and no action was taken on the question of suffrage.

The committee having finished its business, adjourned a few minutes after two o'clock, to meet again at the call of the chairman. Chairman Yerkes, chairman of the committee on call, will get busy this afternoon, and expects to have the call in shape for general publication Monday.

When the Republican National Committee met this morning at ten o'clock the first business taken up was the hearing of the claims of the cities offering to entertain the Republican National Convention.

I attended the meeting of the National Committee Friday and I never before felt the air so chilly at a meeting of a National Republican gathering. That old-time enthusiasm was lacking. The only thing that gave it the appearance of old times was the presence of General Dick, of Ohio. It is true that General Dick walked upon crutches, but his faculties were as bright and as penetrating as ever.

#### SENATOR WARNER

In the hall of the Shoreham last week Editor Chase of The Bee and the Senator had a discussion of the Brownsville incident. Mr. Chase said to the Senator that he should vote with Senator Foraker on the Brownsville report. "I could not," remarked the Senator. "Some of the soldiers shot up the town. I am a lawyer," said the Senator. "So am I," said Mr. Chase. "And since you do not know who the alleged guilty parties are, what principle of law applies?" Senator Warner said "I want to see you. Come and see me."

The Senator left without giving an answer.

#### FOOTBALL VICTIM BURIED.

From the Afro-American edger. The funeral of Mr. Herbert Scott, who died at the reedman's Hospital, Washington, last Sunday, after a brief illness from blood poisoning, took place on Wednesday afternoon from Trinity Baptist Church. Rev. Dr. G. R. Waller conducted the funeral services, after which Prof. Kelly Miller of Howard University delivered an eulogistic address.

Mr. Scott was a member of the next graduating class of Howard University. He was injured by one of Howard's men running into him November 16, when the Howard and Lincoln football teams played. The injury was considered to be of no consequence, it seemingly being only an abrasion. Blood poisoning set in, however, and all efforts to save his life proved unavailing.

Mr. Scott was very popular with his college mates, and after his graduation next June intended pursuing a course in modern languages. He received his preparatory training at the high school, where he was graduated in 1904.

#### TRUE REFORMERS.

Four great meetings. Twenty-five years' success. True Reformers preparing to greet Rev. W. L. Taylor, D.D., president of the leading Negro baug of America.

Sunday, December 15, 1907, at 11 a.m., Ebenezer Methodist Episcopal Church, Fourth and D streets southeast; 2 p.m., Zion Baptist Church Southwest, subject, "Young Men, Consider Your Journey."

8 p.m., Miles Memorial Church. Monday night, December 16, 1907, Bethlehem Baptist Church, Anacostia, D. C.

All lovers of progressive Negro enterprises cannot afford to miss any of these meetings.

W. R. Griffin, Chief, N. P., and stereopticon lecturer.

Union installation of one thousand officer, True Reformers' Hall, January 6, 08.

Bishop Turner, of the A. M. E. Church, has gotten himself in trouble by marrying Laura P. Lemon, the divorced wife of the Rev. Mr. Powell, minister in the Bishop's diocese. He will have to answer to the bishops at the conference in May, he having been forbidden to marry the said lady.

### What I Saw And Heard

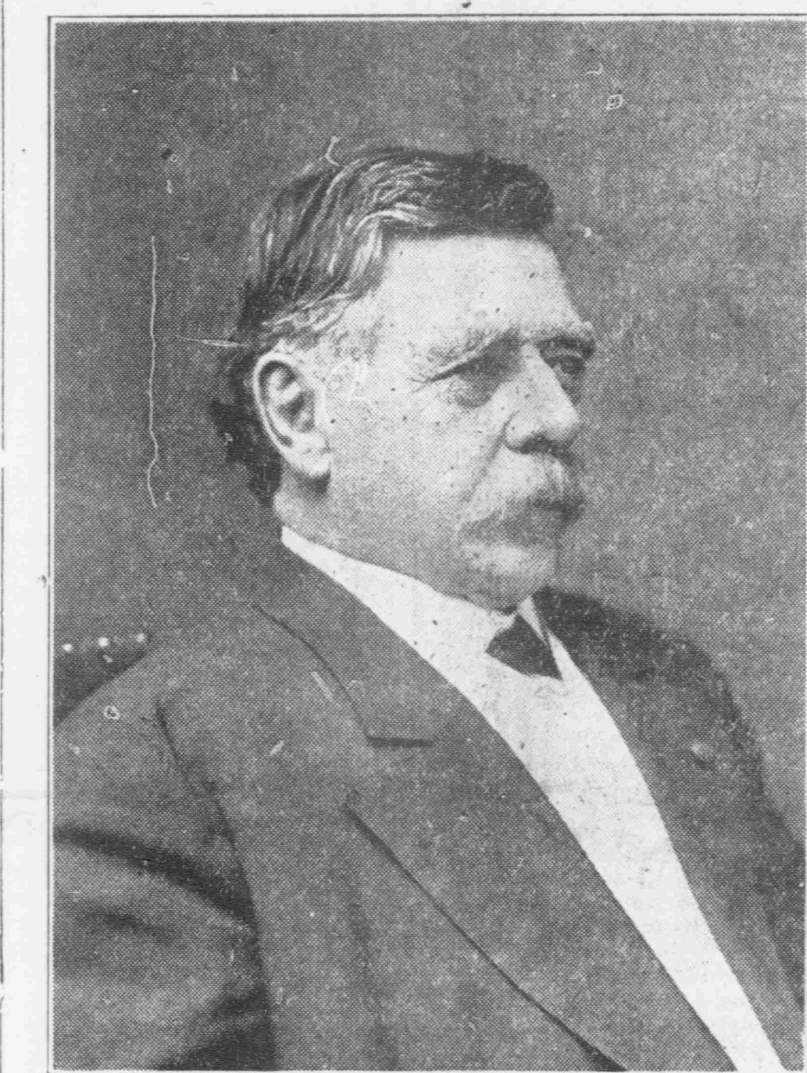
I saw my old friend Ed. Deas, of South Carolina, who is just as full of fire as ever.

The most amusing thing I saw was the old bankrupt of the defunct Capital Savings Bank. He darted in and he darted out, and he could not leave without giving a stab at P. Wilder, who was in and around the committee room. The Doctor was not at all disturbed by his abuses, and neither was the other party whom he was abusing.

Well, my old friend Tom Carter was at the door of the committee room. Tom knows everybody, and everybody knows Thomas.

Capt. J. W. Lyons was on deck looking as happy as ever. It was reported that he had gone over to the Administration. I don't think so. Captain Lyons is for Fairbanks. He knows a thing or two.

Senator Warner held up the Editor of The Bee to explain to position on the Brownsville matter. In the conversation



SENATOR W. WARNER OF MISSOURI.

were Mr. J. W. Poe, Mr. P. M. Mitchell, and the Editor of The Bee, Mr. Chase. Mr. Chase said to the Senator from Missouri that he was wrong on the Brownsville matter, and regretted very much that he could not vote with Senator Foraker. The Senator said that he would explain to the Editor of The Bee and like for him to call and see him.

Dr. Robert Reyburn made a manly speech in behalf of suffrage. It was a manly defense for the people of this city, who are deprived of the right of suffrage.

I was anxious to see my friend Elmer Davor, chairman of the National Committee. Mr. Davor is a genial man and popular among all classes of Republicans. If Senator Foraker is nominated Mr. Davor will no doubt be the next chairman of the National Committee.

Congress will investigate the public schools and the outcome will be separate management for the colored school. I am in favor of Mr. George F. T. Cook or Prof. H. M. Brown.

Rounder.

#### DR. WILDER A CANDIDATE.

Dr. Wilder, it is rumored, told the committee that S. L. Corrothers would not be and that he used, and that he was a vile extremist against President Roosevelt, and that he wanted Roosevelt removed and Foraker elected president.

Dr. Wilder is a candidate for delegate for the National Republican Convention as a Roosevelt candidate.

#### WHITTIER EVENING.

A "Whittier Evening" will take place at Howard University Chapel, December 17th, at 8 p.m. Dean Wilbur, of the Georgetown University, will deliver the address. There will be recitations from Whittier by the students, and Whittier music will be furnished by the choir. All are invited, free of charge.

Read The Bee.

### IMPORTANT FACTS

THE BROWNVILLE BULLETS. Composition of the Core Not as to Government Specifications.

Were the bullets used to "shoot up" Brownsville, Tex., government bullets? The analysis of two of the seven bullets picked out of houses in Brownsville has shown that the cores do not contain the substance which government steel-cased Springfield bullets are supposed to contain.

If Senator Foraker can show by analysis that most of the steel-cased bullets used by the government contain a core composed according to the government specifications—obviously all of them cannot be examined—he will have developed probably the most convincing chain of evidence that has yet resulted from his efforts to prove that the colored troops at Brownsville were innocent of "shooting up the town."

He has decided to ask that the committee on military affairs of the Senate

President, to be voted for at the presidential election, Tuesday, November 3, 1908, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it.

"The republican electors of the several states and territories, including Hawaii, the District of Columbia, Alaska, Porto Rico and the Philippine Islands, and all other electors, without regard to past political affiliation, who believe in the principles of the republican party, and indorse its policies, are cordially invited to unite this call in the selection of delegates to said convention.

#### Number of Delegates.

"Said national convention shall consist of four delegates-at-large from each state, two delegates for each representative-at-large in the Congress, two delegates from each congressional district and from each of the territories of Arizona, New Mexico and Hawaii, two delegates from the District of Columbia, and two delegates each from Alaska, Porto Rico and the Philippine Islands. For each delegate elected to this convention, an alternate delegate shall be chosen, to serve in case of the absence of his principal.

"The delegates-at-large and their alternates shall be elected by popular state and territorial conventions, of which at least thirty days' notice shall have been published in some newspaper or newspapers of general circulation in the respective state or territory.

"The congressional district delegates shall be elected by conventions called by the republican congressional committee of each district, of which at least thirty days' notice shall have been published in some newspaper or newspapers of general circulation in the district; provided, that in any congressional district where there is no republican congressional committee the republican state committee shall be substituted for and represent the congressional committee in issuing said call and making said publications; and provided, that delegates both from the state-at-large and their adherents and delegates from each congressional district and the alternates may be elected in conformity with the laws of the state in which the election occurs, provided, the state committee, or any such congressional committee so direct; but provided further, that in no state shall an election be so held as to prevent the delegates from any congressional district and their alternates being selected by the republican electors of that district.

#### Election in District of Columbia.

"The election of delegates from the District of Columbia shall be held under the direction and supervision of an election board composed of Mr. Sidney Bieber, Mr. Percy Cranford and Mr. George F. Collins of the District of Columbia. This board shall have authority to fix the date of said elections, subject to prior provisions herein, and to arrange all details incidental thereto; and shall provide for a registration of the votes cast, such registration to include the name and residence of each voter.

"The delegates from the territories of Arizona, New Mexico, Hawaii and from Alaska shall be selected in the manner of electing delegates-at-large from the states as provided herein.

"The delegates from Porto Rico and the Philippine Islands shall be elected in conformity with certain rules and regulations adopted by this committee, copies of which are to be furnished to the governing committee of the republican party in Porto Rico and the Philippine Islands.

"All delegates shall be elected not earlier than thirty days after the date of this call, and not later than thirty days before the date of the meeting of the next republican national convention.

"The credentials of each delegate and alternate must be forwarded to the secretary of the republican national committee at Washington, D. C., at least twenty days before the date fixed for the meeting of the convention, for use in making up its temporary roll.

"In any case where more than the authorized number of delegates from any state, territory or territorial district are reported to the secretary of the national committee a contest shall be deemed to exist, and the secretary shall notify the several delegates so reported, and shall submit all such credentials and claims to the whole committee for decision as to which delegates reported shall be placed on the temporary roll of the convention.

"All notices of contest shall be submitted in writing, accompanied by a printed statement setting forth the grounds of contest, which must be filed with the secretary of the committee twenty days prior to the meeting of the national convention.

Harry S. New,

"Chairman."

"Elmer Davor,

"Secretary."

### A Lie Nailed

PROF. LANGSTON MISQUOTED. A Misrepresentation by a Local Paper.

The following dispatch to the Times of this city appeared in its issue December 2:

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 2.—If the colored man wishes to advance his race he must behave himself in street cars, said Prof. Arthur D. Langston, the colored principal of the Dumas School, today to delegates of the Missouri Negro Republican League. He said no colored man should occupy a seat while a white woman stands, and "dirty persons should not be allowed on the cars at all."

The Bee is indebted to Mr. Frank Langston, clerk in the District government and brother of Prof. Arthur Langston, for the exact words of his brother's speech, which is as follows:

"Yesterday was a red-letter day for oratory at the Missouri Negro Republican League Club, at 2349 Chestnut street, where a large number of colored Republicans have been assembling every Sunday afternoon to discuss subjects of an educational and political character. Many prominent speakers of both races have addressed the members of this club from time to time, on subjects touching the race problem, but the addresses have usually been of the kind that painted the picture of the negro's progress in glowing colors, and have been devoted largely to recitals of the achievements of the past, but when it was announced by the entertainment committee that Prof. Arthur D. Langston, principal of the Dumas School, was among the speakers, on the subject, 'Opportunities of the Negro as a Voter,' his well-known frankness as a public speaker, in pointing out the shortcomings of his race, attracted a record attendance of members and visitors at the Sunday afternoon meeting yesterday. John F. Pope, a High School graduate, presided over the assembled voters, who filled the parlors and halls of the clubhouse to overflowing. Among those present were representatives of many wards of the city.

Bernard Hobson, William Haffner and George W. Galloway of the Twenty-sixth Ward made brief speeches, in which they pointed out reasons why negroes should vote the Republican ticket, and Charles Hunter, one of the leading young orators of the club, delivered a brilliant oration on the "Achievements of the Negro Race," in which he eulogized Toussaint L'Ouverture, Crispus Attucks, Frederick Douglass, Paul Laurence Dunbar and other distinguished men of the negro race, concluding with an appeal for a single standard of excellence for both races.

C. K. Robinson, president of the club, also made a few remarks.

Mr. Langston was next introduced, and congratulated those present upon the privilege of living in the twentieth century and enjoying the blessings of American citizenship. He said "The importance of the duty of every citizen to study the politics of his country can not be overestimated, for the reason that the government exercises control over the life and property as well as the civic rights of every citizen. But while I am proud of the achievements of the great men of my race, and ask for them that they be given credit for all they have done, what we are doing to-day is of far greater importance. We are not judged to-day by the philanthropist or the philosopher, but by the great mass of voters. And their opinion of us and their friendship for us is of the highest importance. Let the negroes as an individual, in his family life and in his community life, challenge the friendship and respect of his white neighbors. This is the key to the solution of a great social problem. I demand of my race that they do it best to be at peace with their neighbors and lose no opportunity to prove their worthiness to enjoy every privilege accorded to every other people. The street cars, in which the two races are brought into the closest contact, give the negroes great opportunities to make good, by practicing the rules of common politeness and gallantry, and in this way win for the race the sympathy of every true lady in the land, and, incidentally, set an example of gallantry to some of our white fellow-citizens."

Isaac A. Hedges also spoke. He concluded by reading Wendell Phillips' eulogy of the character of Toussaint L'Ouverture.

London will have an all-night theatre. New York has an all-night bank, and police court. The Masons of the District of Columbia have a lodge that meets in the day.